

Ronda 1 KONZERT A-DUR

für Klarinette und Orchester

I

W. A. Mozart (1756-1791)

KV 622

Herausgegeben von Klaus Burmeister

Allegro

Klarinette in A

Klavier

p Str.

3

f
+ Fl., Fg.

9

+ Hr.

p

13

13

16

16

19

19

22

22

[23]

VI. I
VI. II
p
Va, Vc.

[25]

p
VI. I
VI. II
Fl.
Fg.
f

[29]

p
VI. I
VI. II
Str.
p

[33]

p
VI. I
VI. II
Str.
p

41

43

46

49

[53]

53

VI. I

f

tutti

[56]

Solo

(*p*)

VI. I

p

VI. II

Va.

VI. II

[61]

Va.

Pg.

[63]

Str.

69

73

76

81

85

85

VI. I

Va.

89

89

VI. II

Va.

Vc., Cb.

94

94

VI. II

Va.

98

98

Tutti

Solo

VI. I/II

tutti

p

102

102

Va., Vc.

+ Ch.

103

103

Vc.

110

110

Va.

+ Ch.

Vc.

115

115

VI. I

VI. II

123

Measure 123: Vocal line (treble clef) has a long note. Piano accompaniment (treble and bass clefs) features eighth notes. Measure 124: Piano accompaniment continues with eighth notes. Bass line (bass clef) has a long note.

124

Measure 124: Vocal line (treble clef) has eighth notes. Piano accompaniment (treble and bass clefs) features chords. Measure 125: Piano accompaniment continues with chords. Bass line (bass clef) has eighth notes.

129

Solo

Measure 129: Vocal line (treble clef) has a long note. Piano accompaniment (treble and bass clefs) features eighth notes. Measure 130: Piano accompaniment continues with eighth notes. Bass line (bass clef) has eighth notes.

133

Measure 133: Vocal line (treble clef) has a long note. Piano accompaniment (treble and bass clefs) features eighth notes. Measure 134: Piano accompaniment continues with eighth notes. Bass line (bass clef) has eighth notes.

116

Violin I and II parts are shown. The piano accompaniment includes a bass line with eighth notes and chords. Trills (tr) are indicated above certain notes in the piano part.

119

Violin I and II parts are shown. The piano accompaniment includes a bass line with eighth notes and chords. Trills (tr) are indicated above certain notes in the piano part.

142

Violin I and II parts are shown. The piano accompaniment includes a bass line with eighth notes and chords. Trills (tr) are indicated above certain notes in the piano part.

145

Violin I and II parts are shown. The piano accompaniment includes a bass line with eighth notes and chords. Trills (tr) are indicated above certain notes in the piano part.

149

149

150

151

Va.

152

152

153

154

Tutti

cresc.

f tutti

Vc., Cb.

Sinfonie Nr. 6

F-Dur/F major („Pastorale“)

1. Satz

Erwachen heiterer Empfindungen bei der Ankunft auf dem Lande

L. van Beethoven
op. 68

Allegro ma non troppo (♩ = 66)

First movement musical score, measures 413 to 486. The score is written for a single melodic line in F major, 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (F major). The tempo is marked 'Allegro ma non troppo' with a quarter note equal to 66 beats per minute. The dynamics range from *pp dolce* to *f*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks. Measure numbers 413, 428, 435, 476, 479, and 486 are indicated in boxes. The piece concludes with a double bar line and the instruction '[Fortsetzung nächste Seite]'.

2. Satz

Scene am Ba

Andante moto (♩ = 50)

Second movement musical score, measures 69 to 75. The score is written for a single melodic line in F major, 12/8 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (F major). The tempo is marked 'Andante moto' with a quarter note equal to 50 beats per minute. The dynamics range from *p* to *cresc.*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks. Measure numbers 69, 72, and 75 are indicated in boxes. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final measure marked with a '1'.

Sinfonie Nr. 3

2. Satz

a-Moll/A minor („Schottische“)

F. Mendelssohn Bartholdy
op. 56

Vivace non troppo

The image displays a musical score for the second movement of Mendelssohn's Symphony No. 3, 'Schottische'. The score is written for a single melodic line in treble clef, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Vivace non troppo'. The score is divided into systems, with measure numbers 13, 19, 25, 84, 89, 95, and 153 indicated in boxes. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and dynamic markings. The dynamics include *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo), *f* (forte), and *sf* (sforzando). There are also markings for 'I. in B' and 'II. in B'. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

13

19

25

84

89

95

153

p

pp

f

sf

I. in B

II. in B

Ronda 2

Sinfonie Nr. 8

F-Dur/F major

L. van Beethoven
op. 93

3. Satz

Tempo di Minuetto (♩ = 126)

48 I. in B

p dolce cresc.

53

p cresc. f

61

p dolce cresc. p

66

p dolce p cresc.

73

p cresc. p dim. pp

Lento (♩ = 54)
poco più mosso

Tänze aus Galanta

Zoltán Kodály

31 I. in A
mf espr.

37 poco string.
f poco a poco cresc. ff

45 Cadenza
p cresc. poco a poco rall.

46 f p espr. Andante maestoso ♩ = 76-80

51 poco cresc.

56 pochiss. sost.

61 dim. p

Die Hebriden

Ouverture

F. Mendelssohn Bartholdy
op. 26

Allegro moderato

202 I. in A

pp tranquillo assai

206

p II. in A *p* *dolce* *pp*

212

p *dim.* *poco rit.* *dim.* *pp*

O Barbeiro de Sevilha

G. Rossini

Nr. 2 Kavatine

Allegro vivace

17

I. in C

p

22

II. in C

cresc.

27

33

rinf.

ff

38

Detailed description: This is a musical score for a piece titled 'Nr. 2 Kavatine' by G. Rossini, marked 'Allegro vivace'. The score is written for piano and consists of four systems of staves. The first system begins at measure 17, marked 'I. in C' and 'p' (piano). The second system starts at measure 22, marked 'II. in C' and 'cresc.' (crescendo). The third system starts at measure 27, marked 'rinf.' (rinfornzando, or 'more force'). The fourth system starts at measure 33, marked 'ff' (fortissimo). The score concludes at measure 38. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The key signature changes from C major to C minor at measure 22.

3. Satz

Presto (♩ = 126)

I. in A

Sinfonie Nr. 9

Es-Dur/E^b major

D. Schostakowitsch

op. 70

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Peter und der Wolf

Sergej Prokofieff

op. 67

229 20 Nervoso ♩ = 96
in A

Flink kletterte die
Katze auf den Baum.

Sinfonia N°. 6

P.I. Tchaikovsky

1st mvt. m. 325 - 335

Clarinet in A

Andante con primo (*con tenerezza*)

Triten.

Solo

Meno

321 *mf*

327 *ppp* *animando* *mf* *p* *ppp* *pp* *dolcissimo ma espress.* *rall.* *pp*

332 *pppp* *pp* *pppp* *pp* *pppp* *pp* *pppp* *pppp* *Andante mosso* **4**

Final

Konzert für Klarinette und Orchester Nr. 1 f-moll

Carl Maria von Weber op. 73
herausgegeben von Günter Haußwald
Klavirauszug von Friedrich Hermann

Allegro

Klarinette in B

(Tutti)

Klavier *pp*

6

12

(A)

17

22

System 22: Treble clef staff with whole rests. Piano accompaniment in bass and treble clefs. Bass line features a steady eighth-note pattern. Treble line features chords and a descending eighth-note line. A 'V' marking is present above the treble staff.

27

System 27: Treble clef staff with whole rests. Piano accompaniment continues with eighth-note patterns in the bass and chords in the treble.

32

System 32: Treble clef staff with whole rests. Piano accompaniment continues with eighth-note patterns in the bass and chords in the treble.

37 (B)

System 37: Treble clef staff with whole rests. Piano accompaniment continues with eighth-note patterns in the bass and chords in the treble. A 'pp' (pianissimo) marking is present below the bass staff.

43 Solo

System 43: Treble clef staff with whole rests. Piano accompaniment continues with eighth-note patterns in the bass and chords in the treble. A 'Solo' marking is present above the treble staff, and a 'pp' (pianissimo) marking is present below the bass staff.

60

67

65 (C)

71

79 (D)

87 *dolce*

93

99

105 (E)

113

120

(F)

ff

127

dolce

pp

133

139

* Wenn die Kadenz von Heinrich Joseph Baermann gespielt wird, entfallen diese beiden Takte.
These two bars are omitted if the cadenza by Heinrich Joseph Baermann is played.

Baermanns Kadenz

The musical score for Baermanns Kadenz is written for piano and violin. It consists of four systems of staves.

System 1: The violin part begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a piano (*p*) section marked *scherzando*. The piano accompaniment starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic, then moves to piano (*p*) and pianissimo (*pp*).

System 2: The violin part features crescendos (*cresc.*) and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment includes a piano (*p*) section.

System 3: The violin part reaches a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a piano (*p*) section.

System 4: The violin part includes a *Cod.* (Coda) section, a *ruhig* (calm) section, an *accel.* (accelerando) section, and a *rit.* (ritardando) section. The piano accompaniment features a piano (*p*) section and a crescendo (*cresc.*).

145 (G)



151



157



163 (H)



169



178

184

(I)
191

199

204

210 (K)

Fac. Cresc.

216

Cresc. Cor.

224

Cresc.

232 (L)

pp Cresc.

240

Cresc. Cresc.

(M)

244

250

256

261

267

378 *ritardando poco a poco* *morendo*

p *pp* *morendo* *ppp*

Ein Sommernachtstraum

Scherzo

F. Mendelssohn Bartholdy
op. 61

Allegro vivace

I. in B

p

II. in B

The first system of the musical score for 'Ein Sommernachtstraum' consists of two staves. The upper staff is marked 'I. in B' and the lower staff is marked 'II. in B'. Both staves begin with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The music is in 3/4 time and features a lively, rhythmic melody with frequent eighth and sixteenth notes.

The second system of the musical score starts at measure 8 and ends at measure 20. It continues the lively melody from the first system. Measure 15 is marked with a *dim.* (diminuendo) instruction. Measure 20 is marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

The third system of the musical score starts at measure 22 and ends at measure 36. It continues the lively melody. Measure 36 is marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

The fourth system of the musical score starts at measure 41 and ends at measure 99. It continues the lively melody. Measure 41 is marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measures 41, 43, 45, and 47 are marked with a trill (*tr*) instruction. Measure 99 is marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

The fifth system of the musical score starts at measure 101 and ends at measure 110. It continues the lively melody. The system concludes with a repeat sign.

108

108

131 I. in B

151

p *f* *f* *dim.*

131 I. in B

151

p *f* *f* *dim.*

222 I. in B

258

p *p*

II. in B

222 I. in B

258

p *p*

II. in B

261

261

269

379

pp

269

379

pp

1. Satz
Allegro con brio

Sinfonie Nr. 3
F-Dur/F major

Johannes Brahms
op. 90

36 *L in A*
p grazioso

38 *pp* *p*

41 *pp*

44 *p*

149 *L in A*
sotto voce
p grazioso *pp*

152 *p*

Detailed description: This image shows a page of a musical score for the first movement of Johannes Brahms' Symphony No. 3 in F major, Op. 90. The movement is marked 'Allegro con brio'. The score is written for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute. It begins at measure 36 with a key signature change to A major (indicated by two sharps). The tempo and mood change to 'L in A' (Adagio) and 'p grazioso'. The score consists of five staves of music. The first staff (measures 36-40) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a 'grazioso' marking. The second staff (measures 41-43) begins with a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic. The third staff (measures 44-48) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The fourth staff (measures 149-151) is marked 'L in A sotto voce' and begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a pianissimo (*pp*) dynamic. The fifth staff (measures 152-156) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, often beamed together. There are also slurs and phrasing marks. The page ends with a double bar line at measure 152.

Die Pinien von Rom

III. Die Pinien auf dem Janiculum

Ottorino Respighi

Lento

I. in A

(13)

*p espressivo e dolcissimo come in sogno**pp*

un poco animando

*dolciss. cresc.**mf**dim.*

a tempo

p

poco animato

a tempo

poco animato

dim.

(16)

cresc.

a tempo più lento

*pp dolcissimo (come eco)**ppp perdendosi*

(4 Takte)