

Antwerp Symphony Orchestra

Baron Swerts Academy Audition Program Percussion tutti

Programme

Marimba:

- Courante, from Cello Suite nr. 1, Bach

Xylophone:

- The Bolt, Shostakovich
- Etude XVIII, Goldenberg

Snare Drum:

- Aarhus etude
- Scheherazade 3rd and 4th mov

Glockenspiel:

- La mer, Debussy

Tambourine:

- Orchestral etude no 1. J. Santonja

Triangle:

- Brahms 4 etude

Cymbals:

- Cymbal exercise, A. Payson

Bass Drum:

- Mahler 3

Instruments

Snare drum:

- Pearl Philharmonic 14" x 5" Aluminium
- Pearl Philharmonic 13" x 4" Wood

Xylophone:

- Concorde X6002 GA

Glockenspiel:

- Yamaha YG2500 (with pedal)

Marimba:

- Yamaha 5100A

Cymbals:

- Selection of Meinl Symphonic and Zildjian K

Tambourine:

- Selection of Lefima and Black Swamp

Triangle:

- Selection of Kolberg and Thein

Bass drum:

- Dörfler

*Candidates are allowed to bring their own snare drum, triangle and tambourine.

3. Courante

1

4

8

12

15

19

23

27

31

35

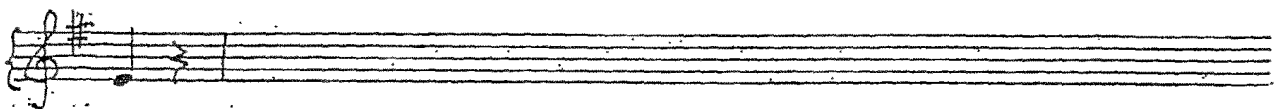
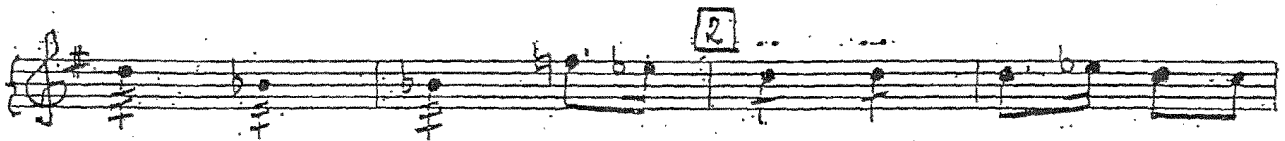
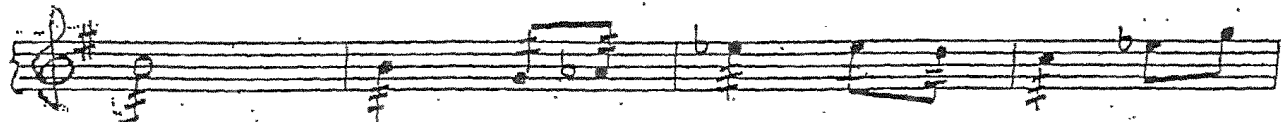
39

7. Der Versöhner

(mit den Bölsen)

Dmitri Shostakovich

Andantino Silofona



Handwritten musical score on ten staves, featuring treble clefs and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals.

Key features of the score include:

- Staff 1:** Contains a circled number "3" above the staff.
- Staff 7:** Contains a circled number "4" above the staff.
- Staff 10:** Contains a circled number "5" above the staff, a large number "8" at the beginning, and a large number "2" further along.

The score is written in a fluid, handwritten style, typical of a composer's sketch or a personal manuscript.



M. Goldenberg

XVIII

(♩ = 72)

The musical score consists of 12 staves of music, each containing various rhythmic patterns and fingerings. The notation includes treble clefs, key signatures of one flat (B-flat), and a tempo marking of quarter note = 72. The music features a variety of rhythmic figures, including triplets, sextuplets, and sixteenth-note runs. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 and letters L (left) and R (right). The score is written in a single system, with each staff representing a different voice or instrument.

Staff 1: L 3 3 6 3 R 3

Staff 2: 3 3 6 3 6 3

Staff 3: 3 3 6 L 6 L

Staff 4: L 6 L L 3 R R 3 6

Staff 5: R L L R L L R L L R L L R

Staff 6: 6 L 6 3 6 6

Staff 7: L 3 R R 6 3 3 R R L R R L R R L

Staff 8: R L L R R L L R 3 6

Staff 9: 6 6 6 R L L R R L

Staff 10: R 3 3 3 6 L 3

Staff 11: R L L L L L L L R

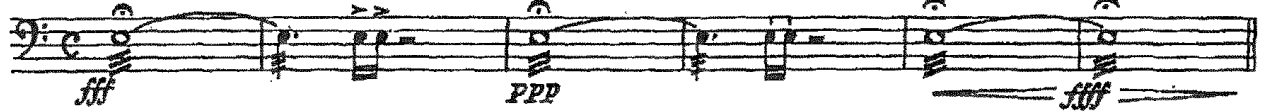
Staff 12: 6 6 3 3 R R 3 L

ETUDE FOR SNARE DRUM

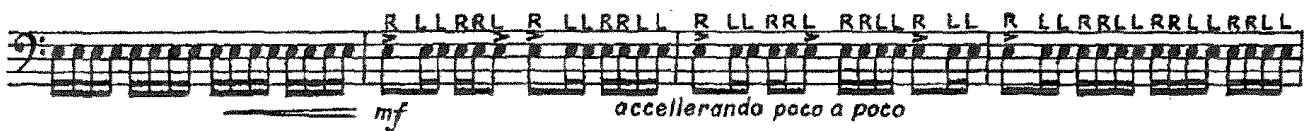
ÅRHUS ETUDE No. 9

Bent Lyloff

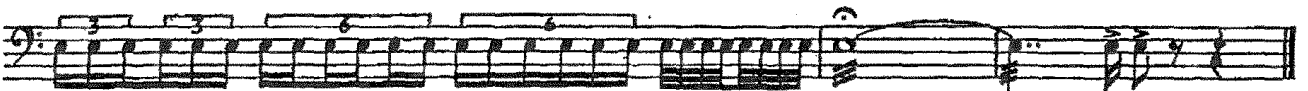
Andante



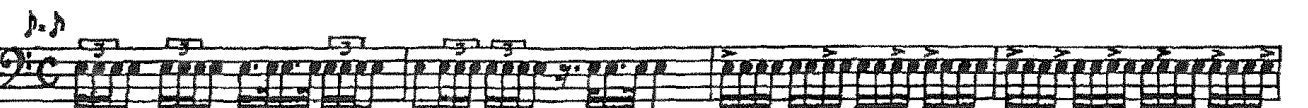
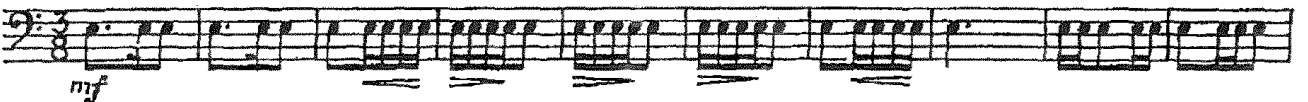
$\text{♩} = 160$

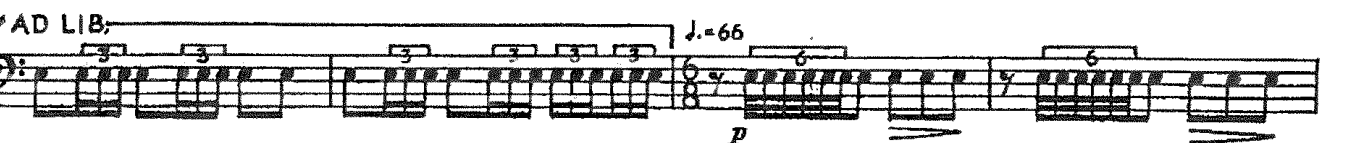
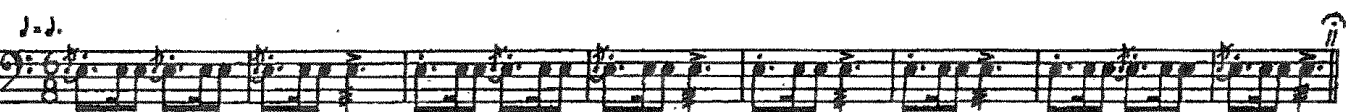


$\text{♩} = 138$



$\text{♩} = 84$





*) crescendo and diminuendo ad lib.

SCHEHERAZADE

Symphonic Suite

Nicolas Rimsky-Korsakov
(1844-1908)

Tamburo piccolo

I. II. - TACET

III.

Andantino quasi Allegretto $\text{♩} = 52$

24 [A] 24 [B] 14 [C] (1st violins)

(vc.) (2nd violins) 1 *fz* 2 3 *fz* 4

Pochissimo più mosso $\text{♩} = 63$

[D] 1 2 3

p dim. *ppp*

4 5 6 7

pochissimo cresc.

8 9 [E] 8

[F] 4 [pp]

4 []

4 [G] 1 2 3 4 5

p

6 7 **H** 4

I *Tacet until* (timpani)

p *f* *p* *f* 8 **P** 4 (violins)

poco rit. *rit. molto* *a tempo, scherz. ♩ = 63*

2 (flute) *pp*

IV.

Allegro molto **Recit. Lento** **Allegro molto e frenetico**

4 G. P. G. P. (violin solo) 18 G. P.

Recit. Lento **Vivo ♩ = 88** **A** 16 **B** 15 **C** *tr* *tr* *tr*

(violin solo) 24 (triangle) (tambourine) *mf* < < <

tr *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr*

D 15 **E** *tr* *f* > *p* *f* *tr*

tr *f* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* 3

[F] 4 16 [G] 16 [H] 16 [I] 16 [K] 32 [L] 32 *tr* ~~~~~
(violins) (oboes) (clarinet) (triangle) (triangle) *f*

[M] 21 *tr* ~~~~~ [N] 1 2 3 4 5
mf cresc. *sfpp*

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

16 17 18 11 (tambourine) [O] 16
pp 12 13 14 15

[P] *f*

[Q] *mf*

[R] 15 [S] *tr* ~~~~~
f > p

tr tr tr

f

tr tr tr

3 T 1 2 3 4 1 2

mf dim. pp

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

14 15 U 16 V 28 Più stretto

7 tr 7 tr 3 tr

fz fz

2 tr 3 tr~ 2 tr

fz fz fz fz

tr fz tr fz

W Spiritoso $\text{♩} = 96$

14 mf

3 tr ~~~~~

mf cresc.

tr tr tr tr tr tr tr tr

f

tr tr tr tr

Allegro non troppo e maestoso X Tacet

11 to the end

Glockenspiel
or Célesta

(transposed version)

La Mer

Three Symphonic Essays for Orchestra

C. Debussy
(1862-1918)

No. 1 - De l'aube à midi sur la mer : TACET

No. 2 - Jeux de vagues

Allegro (dans un rythme très souple) ♩ = 116

16 Animé ♩ = 72

17

18

19 Assez animé ♩ = 138

20 12 21

22 au Mouvt

*) See footnote
on page 11.

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Cédez 23 4 24 10 25 au Mouvt ♩ = 112 3

pp

p 6

26 8 27 10 28 8 29 ♩ = 112 au Mouvt 30 8 31 Peu à peu animé pour arriver à ♩ = 138 au 32

(oboes) 6 7

32 6 6

p *mf*

33 9 Animé ♩ = 138 3 *p* *pp*

2 5

p

34 10 35 8 36 12 37 Très animé 38 10 8

39 au Mouvt ♩ = 138 12 40

(harp gliss.) *pp*

* 41 6

pp *pp*

*) Play one octave higher if low "F" is not available.

42

2 (cymbal)

pp

3

3

ppp

No. 3 - Dialogue du vent et de la mer

Animé et tumultueux $\text{♩} = 96$ 55 Cédez pendant ces 4 mesures

Tacet until

(flute)

2 3 4

Reprenez peu a peu le Mouvt

5 6 7 8

p

En animant

pp

7 56 8 57 8 au Mouvt 58 4

(trumpets) 10

3 3 3 4 5

pp

4 59 3 3 3 Tacet to the end

p

Orchestral Etude n.1

for tambourine

Jaume Blai Santonja Espinós

Allegro ♩ = 140

8

16

25

34

44

54

65

f *mf* *p*

mf *p*

*f*³ *pp* *f*³

pp *p*³ *mp*³

*mf*³ *sfz* *f*

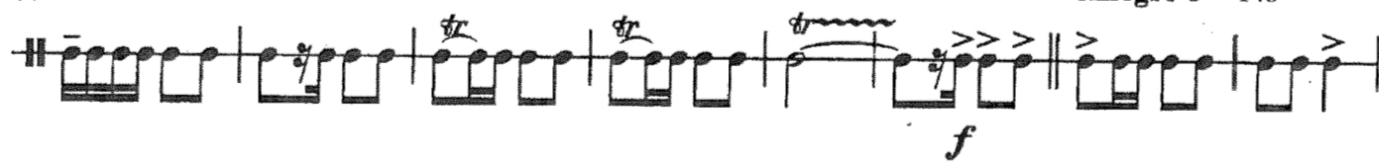
p *f*

mf *mp* *pp*

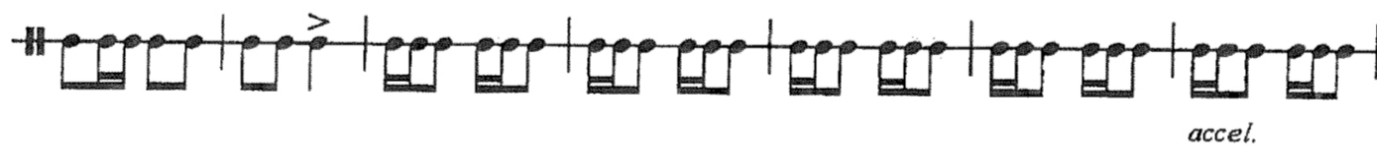
rit. Andantino (tiempo de abanera)

74

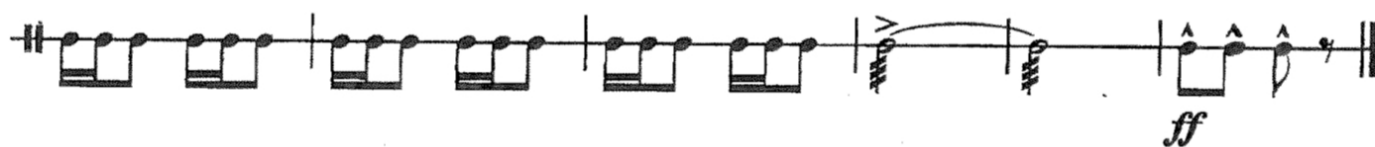
Allegro ♩ = 140



82



89



Symphony no.4 in E minor, op.98

Triangel

Johannes Brahms

Allegro Giocoso

The musical score for the Triangel part of Brahms' Symphony No. 4 in E minor, Op. 98, is written for a single staff in 2/4 time. The tempo is marked 'Allegro Giocoso'. The score consists of ten staves of music, each beginning with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The dynamics and articulations are as follows:

- Staff 1: *f* (forte), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 2: *p* (piano), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 3: *pp* (pianissimo), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 4: *f* (forte), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 5: *pp* (pianissimo), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 6: *ff* (fortissimo), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 7: *ff* (fortissimo), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 8: *ff* (fortissimo), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 9: *ff* (fortissimo), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.
- Staff 10: *ff* (fortissimo), followed by a series of eighth notes and a final quarter note.

A. PAYSON

CYMBAL EXERCISE

The musical score for "CYMBAL EXERCISE" by A. Payson consists of nine staves of music. The dynamics and articulations are as follows:

- Staff 1: *mf*, *f*, *p cresc.*
- Staff 2: *f*, *p cresc.*, *f*, *ff*
- Staff 3: *p*, followed by a decrescendo line.
- Staff 4: *pp*, followed by a decrescendo line and the word "fade".
- Staff 5: *mf*, "Muffle" (indicated by a vertical line), *f*
- Staff 6: *p*
- Staff 7: *mp*, *cresc.*, *f*, *f* (with a decrescendo line), *f*
- Staff 8: *mp cresc.*, *mf*, *f*, *ff*, *mf*
- Staff 9: *f*, *ff*

SYMPHONIE N° 3.

Gr. Trommel.

Erste Abtheilung.

N° 1.

Gustav Mahler.

Kräftig. Entschieden.



Gr. Tr. Zurückhaltend. 1 *Molto riten.*

2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>p</i>	<i>pp</i> 1	mit 2 Schwamm-schlägeln	3					<i>sempre pp</i>	<i>pp</i>
			Tam-tam						
				<i>pp</i>		<i>pp</i>		<i>pp</i>	

Gr. Tr. Solo 3 *tr* 2 *Schwer und dumpf.* 1 2

sempre pp

3 4 5 6 7 8

sempre pp

9 10 11