

concorso di bassotuba con obbligo di trombone contrabbasso

Programma d'esame:

V. Blazhevich Solo Etude per tuba contrabbasso e pianoforte

R.V.Williams Concerto per basso tuba – 1° mvnt

Passi d'orchestra:

A. Berg	Wozzeck
H. Berlioz	Symphonie Fantastique
	Damnation de Faust (March Hongroise)
J. Brahms	Sinfonia n. 2
A. Bruckner	Sinfonia n. 4
	Sinfonia n. 7
	Sinfonia n. 8
L. Delibes	Coppelia
P. Hindemith	Sinfonische Metamorphosen
G. Mahler	Sinfonia n. 1
	Sinfonia n. 2
	Sinfonia n. 5
P. Mascagni	Cavalleria Rusticana
S. S. Prokofiev	Romeo e Giulietta
	Sinfonia n. 5
O. Respighi	Fontane di Roma
R. Strauss	Ein Heldenleben
	Salome
I. F. Strawinsky	Petrushka
P. I. Tchaikovsky	Sinfonia n. 6
G. Verdi	Aida
	Rigoletto
	Nabucco
	I vespri siciliani
R. Wagner	Die Meistersinger von Nurnberg
	Das Rheingold
	Die Walkure
	Sigfried
	Lohengrin
	Tannhauser

Sono richiesti i passi indicati tra le parentesi []

11 e 12 ottobre 2026

Soloetyde med klaver(C-tuba) BLAZEWICH.

Lento $\text{♩} = 58$

poco dim.

pp

espressivo

pp

string.

poco cresc.

rit.

tempo

poco string.

pp

crescendo

poco a poco calando

rit. Tempo 1.

pp

f

poco dim.

espressivo

rit.

SOLO TUBA

*Dedicated to the London Symphony Orchestra.
First performed by Philip Catelinet at the L.S.O. Jubilee Concert, 13th June, 1954.*

CONCERTO FOR BASS TUBA

R. VAUGHAN WILLIAMS

Allegro moderato (♩ = 98)

p cantabile

cresc.

1 *p*

2

p cantabile

3 *f*

4 (♩ = ♩.) *p dolce*

f *p*

5 *f* *p*

9

SOLO TUBA

6



7

leggiero



8



SOLO TUBA



.... may be omitted if preferred

WOZZECK

Oper in drei Akten (15 Szenen)

Alban Berg

I. AKT TACET

II. AKT

425 Solo-Vl. 430 nicht eilen

435 440 Langsamer Ländler ff Klingt so wie notiert poco rall.

445 480 a tempo tacet bis rit. Walzertempo I ($\text{I} = 132$)

485 490 p poco espr. cresc. acce. 500 a tempo

495 505 Tempo II. acc. Schwungvoll 510 poco rit.

515 molto accel. N espr. cresc. acc. rit. 520 a tempo poco

525 poco rit. 530 a tempo I. ($\text{I} = 132$)

ff sf poco cresc.

*) Anstatt Bombardön (F) event. auch eine Bass-Tuba, jedenfalls mit der Eignung, gedämpft zu werden und dem Umfang:

**) event. durchwegs mit Upf. (bis Fakt 662)

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Heurigen-(Wirtshaus-)musik (II. Akt, 4. Szene)
Bombardon in F (bzw. Baßtuba)

3

535

f *accel.* *molto* *Feurig* (*J. 200*) *p* *agn. durchlassen* 540 *ordinär*

cresc. *ff* 545 *ff* *accel.* 550 *poco a poco cresc.*

poco rit. 555 *molto rit. a tempo.* *accel.*

1/2 im groß. Orchester *Tacet bis* 592 *Ländler* (*J. 100*) 593 *ff* *fff* *Ende d. Walzers*

Ziehharmonika 596 *mp* 599 *Ländlertempo*

pp *poco cresc.* *mf* *dim.* 602 *Klar. Solo* (*C*) *rit.* *Choral* 605 *Mäßig* (*Melodram*) (*J. 75*)

p (*ev. mit Dpf.*) 610 *Etwas belebter* (*J. 100*) *rit.* *al tempo* 615 *poco a poco accel.*

rit. *Breit H.* *Wieder accel.* 620 *p* *Marschtempo* (*J. 112 1/2*)

Subito largo (*J. 62 1/2*) 625 *rit.* *al tempo* (*J. 75*) *gleichmäßig, ohne Ausdruck.*

pp *bis zum Schluss mit Dpf.* 630 *poco* (*80 - - - - - ca 100*) *accel.* 633 *Ländlertempo* 634 *Poco allegro* 635

Tacet bis 649 *Kl. a. d. B.* 650 *Stimmen* *rit.* *Ganz langsames Walzertempo, sehr frei und* 655 *Ende des Melodrams - mes jedoch nicht langsam*

sich quasi einspielend 660 664 *Ende des Stimmens.*

(mit Dpf. unrein geblasen!)

Begibt sich rasch in's große Orchester und nimmt K. Bass-Tuba. (1. Takt 713)

*plötzlich gestopft, indem der 2^e Handwerksbursche etwas (den Dämpfer) in das Bomb. stößt.

Hector Berlioz
Symphonie Fantastique, Op. 14

Tuba I.

I. II. e III. tacent.

IV.

Gang zum Hochgericht.

Marche au Supplice. The Procession to the Stake.

Allegretto non troppo. (♩ = 72)

50 21 51 8 52 10

53

54 7

55 5

ff

mf

cresc.

Fag.

Bassi.

p

The musical score for Tuba I, measures 50-55, is written in bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto non troppo' with a quarter note equal to 72 beats per minute. The score includes various dynamics such as *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *p* (piano). There are also markings for *cresc.* (crescendo) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, and 55 indicated. The Tuba I part is the only instrument playing in this section, as the other tubas are silent. The score includes a variety of rhythmic values, including eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and quarter notes, as well as rests and ties. The overall mood is somber and dramatic, reflecting the 'Marche au Supplice' (March to the Scaffold) movement.

Berlioz — Symphonie Fantastique

Tuba I.

3

Viol.

5 6 7 8

4 2 (♩ = ♩.)

ff **f**

65 19 (Campane, Glocken) **66** *senza accel.*

19 1 2 3 4 5 6 **f**

14 **67** Viol. 1 **f**

10 **68** **f**

14 **69** 15 16 17 **70** Tr. *f cresc.* **ff**

Hexenrundtanz.
Ronde du Sabbat.
Witches' round dance.
Poco meno mosso. 5

ff **ff** **ff**

5 **71** 5

5 **72** 14 **73** 13

ff **ff**

74 6 3 3

ff **f** *p* **ff** *p*

75 3 **76** 9 **77** 16 16

ff *p* **ff**

Berlioz — Symphonie Fantastique

Tuba I.

4

Viol.

78 16 79 16 80 1 2 8 4

81 3 7

82 8 83 20

Fl. picc.

21 22 23

84 4 1

85 1

cresc. molto *ff*

poco animato

3

1

86

Fausts Verdammung.

Dramatische Legende in 4 Abtheilungen.

La Damnation de Faust.

The Damnation of Faust.

Légende Dramatique en 4 Parties.

Dramatic Legend in 4 Parts.

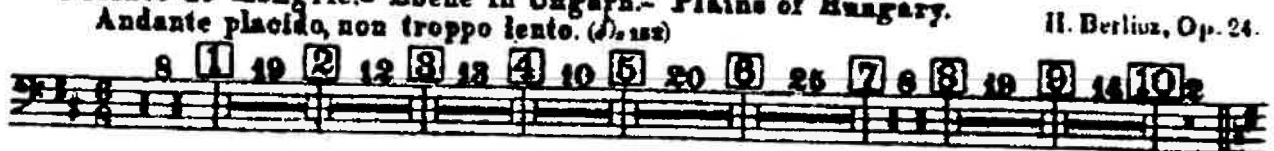
Tube I. & II.

I.

SCENE I.

Plaines de Hongrie.- Ebene in Ungarn.- Plains of Hungary.

H. Berlioz, Op. 24.



SCENE II.

Ronde des Paysans.- Bauern-Tanz.- Peasants' Dance.

Doppio più mosso. (♩ = 120)

Allegro. (♩ = 120) Presto. Andante. Presto. Andante. Allegro.

Presto.



SCENE III.

Moderato. Recit. Allegro non troppo.

Allegro. Recit. All.

Recit. Allegro misurato.

(♩ = 80) 2

(♩ = 80) 3

Recit.

2

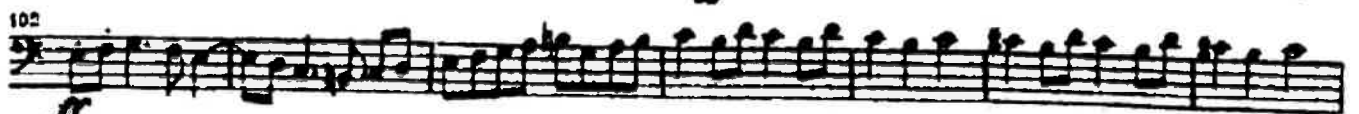
2

1

1

Marche Hongroise.- Ungarischer Marsch.- Hungarian March.

Allegro marcato. (♩ = 80)



Brahms — Symphony No. 2 in D Major

Tuba

3

Allegro con spirito

Viol. 18 **A** 33 **B** 22 **C** *largamente*

61 16 **D** 24 **E** 16 **F** 17 **G** Viol. *p* 11

170 **H** Viol. Klar. 24 Viol. I 2

20 **I** *Tranquillo* 15 **K** *Sempre più tranquillo* 13 Pos. I. III

238 *pp* 3 *in tempo* **L** 29 **M** *largamente*

284 40 **N** 24 Viol. *f*

353 **O** Solo *fp* *p*

361 *f*

370 10 Vcl. K.-B. Fag. **P** Hr. Trpt. *f*

388 *cresc.*

396 11

417 *ff* 3 Pos. III *f*

IV. SYMPHONIE Es dur (romantische)

Baß-Tuba

1. SATZ

Anton Bruckner

The musical score is written for Bass Tuba and consists of several staves of music. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 60, 120, 180, and 240 indicated in boxes. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes the following dynamic markings and performance instructions:

- ff marc.* (fortissimo marcato)
- marc.* (marcato)
- mf* (mezzo-forte)
- mf sempre cresc. et marc.* (mezzo-forte sempre crescendo and marcato)
- ff sempre* (fortissimo sempre)

The score is presented in a single system, with the music written on a single staff. The notation is in a standard musical notation style, with notes and rests clearly visible. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 60, 120, 180, and 240 indicated in boxes. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes the following dynamic markings and performance instructions:

FINALE

The musical score is written for a single melodic line on a single staff. It begins with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a common time signature (C). The score is divided into several systems, each enclosed in large square brackets. The first system starts with a measure number of 50 and includes a forte (ff) dynamic marking. The second system starts at measure 80 and includes a marcato (marc.) marking. The third system starts at measure 170 and includes a forte (ff) marking. The fourth system starts at measure 180. The fifth system starts at measure 300 and includes a forte (ff) marking. The sixth system starts at measure 310. The seventh system starts at measure 320. The eighth system starts at measure 330 and includes a ritardando (ritard.) marking. The score concludes with a final measure marked with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

A. Bruckner - Sinfonie n. 7

Baß (Kontrabaß) - Tuba

3

III Scherzo

Baß-Tuba
Sehr schnell

28 8 4

49 8

69 7

89 32 6

Etwas ruhiger

137 16 12

179 8 4 4 24 12 5

(Ob. I Trpt. I)

242 7

261 3

Fine

317 28

361 12 2 2 17 3

G.P.

Trio
Etwas langsamer G.P.

(Pk.) 4 (Str.) 39

dim.

Scherzo D.C. al Fine

IV Finale

Kontrabaß-Tuba
Bewegt, doch nicht schnell riten. a tempo

6 2 2 2 16

38 12 14 20

Voll. K.-B. pizz.

Voll. K.-B. arco

Baß (Kontrabaß)-Tuba

93 **F** *schwer*
ff marc. sempre

101 **G** Breiter *ff marc. sempre* **H** *ff marc.*

110 *marc.* **I** 12 **K** Ruhig **L** 3 ruhig **M** a tempo
Tempo I 18 *streng im Zeitmaß*

159 ruhig **N** Nur ruhig bewegt *ritard.* a tempo **O** 12 *Viol. I*

191 **P** *ff marc.* *schwer* *marc.*

199 **Q** Breit und wuchtig *ff marc.*

207 **R** Immer breiter *ff* **S** Tempo I **T** 18 **U** Tempo I 16 *Klar. I*

248 *ritard.* a tempo **V** Breit *ff marc. sempre* *dim.*

261 *ff* 3

273 **W** Tempo I *riten.* a tempo *ritard.* **X** a tempo **Y** 5 *Fl. Ob. II Klar. I Viol. I*

305 *ff marc. sempre* *cresc.* *ff* Sehr breit

Tempo I, anfangs noch sehr ruhig

315 **Z** 9 *ff marc.* *Tube I*

380 *ff*

Bruckner Sinfonie N. 8

FINALE

Feierlich, nicht schnell Metr. d. 69

The musical score is written for a single staff in bass clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The tempo is 'Feierlich, nicht schnell' and the meter is 'd. 69' (common time). The score is divided into measures 10, 20, 30, and 40. Measure 10 starts with a '2' and a 'ff' dynamic. Measure 20 starts with a '3' and an 'A' marking. Measure 30 starts with a '2' and a 'B' marking. Measure 40 starts with a '29' and a 'D' marking. The score ends at measure 42. The dynamics 'ff' and 'fff' are used throughout. The tempo 'Metr. d. 60' is indicated at the end of the score.

10

2 ff 4

3 A 20

2 30 1 B

29 40 ff D Metr. d. 60

42

1 Y

360

fff

Z ruhig

41

Aa Erstes Zeitmaß

25

ruhig Cc

16

Ee Erstes Zeitmaß

mf

f

fff

440

460

480

490

ritard... Ff a tempo

cresc. fff

2

Gg

fff

500

Hh

11

Trp 1

f

520

Ii

fff marc. sempre

530

8 Kk 1

540

3

Klein 1-3

p cresc. sempre

1. Akt
Nr. 4 Mazurka

Coppélia

Léo Delibès

Tempo di mazurka (♩. = 66)

139

144

150

161

167

172

ff

f

P. Hindemith
Sinfonische
Metamorphosen

Turandot, Scherzo

Moderato (♩ = 132) Tacet

79 **H** 1. Pos. *f*

87 **I** 5 *f*

96 **J**

104 *mf* **K**

113 **L** 4 *f*

121 **M** 5

126 **N**

131

132 **O**

137 **P** tenuto 2

141 *atempo* 9 **Q** 8 3 Pos.

151 (Pos.) *mf*

157 **R** *p* *mf*

163 **S** *f* *p* *mf*

171 *f*

185

202 **T** 204 5 13 **U** 13 (231)

Gustav Mahler

(1860–1911)

1. Sinfonie D-Dur · Symphony No. 1 in D major

(1888)

III

Feierlich und gemessen, ohne zu schleppen (♩ ca. 80)

Solo

pp

The musical score consists of two staves. The first staff begins with a 'Solo' marking and an accent (^) over the first note. The tempo is marked 'Feierlich und gemessen, ohne zu schleppen (♩ ca. 80)'. The dynamics are marked 'pp' (pianissimo). The music is enclosed in large square brackets on both sides.

Contrabasstuba.
IV. Urlicht tacet.
V. Letzter Satz.

Im Tempo des Scherzos.

(Celli u. Bass)

1 Vorwärts.

ff *fff* *dim.* *p*

Wieder breiter.

2 Sehr zurückhaltend. (♩ wie früher ♩)

ff *dim.* *pp*

3 Langsam. (♩ wie früher ♩)

(Hörner in der Ferne)

(1. Ob.)

Choralmässig. (1. Pos.)

pp 1. Pauk.

4 6 Noch breiter. (1. 3. Pos.) (2. 4. Pos.)

p *pp* *rit.* *Sehr drängend.*

9 Ziemlich bewegt. Wieder zurückhaltend. (1. 2. u. 3. Pos.)

Choralmässig. (♩ wie früher ♩)

6. P. *pp*

Etwas energischer im Tempo.

p *f* *cresc.* *rit.* 11 Wieder breit.

ffp *f* *ff* *p*

12

13

ff *ff* *mf* *p* *pp* (rit.)

Maktes - Sinfonie h. 2

Contrabasstuba.

7

25 *(= d =)* *ff*

26 *sehr kurz* *sempre cresc.*

27 *Langsam. Immer noch mehr* *Poco riten.* *(d = wie früher d =)* *zurückhaltend. Noch mehr.*

28 *Piu mosso. molto accel.*

Der grosse Appell.

29 *Sehr langsam und gedehnt.*

30 *Quasi Allegro.*

31 *Langsam. (Gemischter Chor)* *rit. a tempo* *rit.*

32 *a tempo*

33 *Sehr breit. (1. Pos.)*

34

35 *Zurückhaltend.* *Riten. Langsam.*

36 *Zurückhaltend.*

37 *Breit. a tempo (1. u. 2. Pos.)* *Zurückhaltend*

Symphonie No 5.

Kontrabass-Tuba.

I.

Gustav Mahler.

11 3 Unmerklich zu Tempo I zurückkehren.

Tempo I. 3

mf sfz sfz

Tempo I.

schwer: 12

pp dim. pp

II.

3. Scherzo.

Nicht schleppen.

2

4 16 3 4

Heftig drängend.

cresc.

17 21 poco rit.

1

al tempo I. 18 11 19 23 20 6

23

1 21 Nicht schleppen.

2

22

cresc.

Cavalleria rusticana

Nr. 3 Lied des Alfio

Allegretto [♩ = 126]

Pietro Mascagni

Tb. *p.*

f

21

Nr. 8 Duett

Largo molto sostenuto [♩ = ca. 56]

ff marcatissimo

cresc.

43

Nr. 12 Finale

Allegro agitato (♩ = 160)

fff marcatisimo



Largo e ritenuto (♩ = 48)

rit. assai

fff

colla massima forza sino alla fine



Vivacissimo (♩ = 192)

precipitando



Sostenuto (♩ = 48)

ff



Abdruck mit Genehmigung des Musikverlages Bote & Bock, Berlin

Romeo und Julia

1. Akt

Nr. 6 Der Kampf

Presto Sostenuto [♩ = 130]

Sergej Prokofjew
op. 64

(30)

Kb.-Tb.

ff

Nr. 11 Ankunft der Gäste (Menuett)

Assai moderato ♩ = 96-100

(62)

Kb.-Tb.

f

poco rit.

p un poco gravamente

(Fortsetzung nächste Seite)

Nr. 13 Tanz der Ritter
Allegro pesante [$\text{♩} = 100$]

(79)

Kb.-Tb.

f *pesante*

3. Akt
Nr. 44 Bei Lorenzo
Andante [$\text{♩} = 54$]

Solo

Kb.-Tb.

f *espress.*

(315)

Nr. 47 Julia allein

(329) Andante [$\text{♩} = 80$]

Kb.-Tb.

pp *mf* *pp*

(330)

Mit Genehmigung der Musikverlage
Hans Sikorski, Hamburg

Sinfonie Nr. 5
B-Dur / B^b major

Sergej Prokofjew
op. 100

1. Satz

Andante [$\text{♩} = \text{ca } 76$]

(3)

Kb.-Tb.

mp *mp* *mf* *f* *f* *espress.* *mf* *f* *mp* *f* *dim.* *p*

Un poco animando (14)

f

(16)

f

f

ff

poco rit. (17) *a tempo*

ff

rit. ma non troppo (23) *Tempo I*

pesante

f

cresc. *ff* (24)

3. Satz

Adagio ♩ = 60

(65)

Kb.-Tb.

mf

Mit Genehmigung der Musikverlage Hans Sikorski, Hamburg

Ottorino Respighi Fountains of Rome

BASSO TUBA

La fontana di Valle Giulia all'alba.
Andante mosso **13** **1** **13** **2** **2** Poco più mosso **3** Tempo 1^o **10**

La fontana del Tritone al mattino.
Vivo **3** **3** **4** **4** **2** **6**
(Tromboni)
Un poco meno (Allegretto) **10** **5** Più vivo (gaiamente) **15** **6** Più vivo ancora **17** **7** **16** **8** **16** Un poco rall. **9** **15**
(Tromboni)

La fontana di Trevi al meriggio.
10 All.^o moderato
pp *cres.* *f* *p* *cres.*
11 All.^o vivace
fff
12

BASSO TUBA

3

13

14 Più vivo
(In uno) 8
(Ritmo di 3 battute)
fff

più f

15 (Ritmo di 4 battute)
fff

Largamente

fff

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

dim.

f dim.

16

mf dim.

17 Calmo 16
tacet al Fine

La fontana di Villa Medici al tramonto.

18 And.^{te} 12

19 Meno mosso 16

20 11

21 And.^{te} come prima 10

22 18

23 10

PAGINA VUOTA

Richard Strauss Ein Heldenleben, Op. 40

Basstuba.

Lebhaft bewegt. 1

12 *mf* 3 3 2 8 3 8 4 8

5 6 6 10 7 3 *f* 3. & 5. Horn. 8

mf *cresc.* 9 7

10 6 11 4 3 12 3

ff *ff* *ff* *ff*

13 2 1

Etwas langsamer. 14 1 3 15 3

p *p* *p*

1 3 8 16 8 17 8 18 7 *zurückhaltend.* 19 **Etwas langsamer.**

p 1. Flöte.

Wieder etwas *acc.* 3 20 *langsamer.* *acc. bis* *fest im gewonnenen*
acc. *acc.* *acc.* *lebhaften Zeitmass.*

Erstes Zeitmass. 21 *acc.* (Lebhaft bewegt.) 22 2 *viel ruhiger.* *lebhaft.* *viel ruhiger.* 23 3 *Solo Viol.*

4 2 2 3 3 2

beinahe doppelt so schnell. 24 *ruhig.* *so schnell.* 25 *wieder sehr ruhig.* 26 11 *wieder etwas ruhiger.* 27 *rit.*

pp 3 4 1 2 *p* 5 4

Basstuba.

28 *wieder* *poco* *langsamer.* *accel.* *al tempo* 11 29 2 1 30 *drängend* 11

p *cresc.* *pp* *p* *mf cresc.* *f*

31 13 *poco caland* 32 *Mässig langsam.* 33

Solo Viol. *f* *pp* *mf* *dim* *pp*

34 3 1 35 6 36 5 (*weich*)

p *pp* *mf* *dim* *pp* *p*

37 38 4 39 1 *immer ruhiger* 40 7 2

mf *dim.* *f* *dim.* *pp*

41 8 1 5 42 *Lebhaft.* 7 43 6 *etwas breiter*

Tromp. h. d. Scene.

44 8 45 3 2

Tromp. h. d. Scene. *fp* *f*

46 6 47 3 1 48 1

p *p* *p* *f* *cresc.*

49 *Festes Zeitmass. (sehr lebhaft)* 50 6 51 4

f *cresc.* *ff* *ff* *f*

52 4 53 7 *Tromp.* 54 4 55 3

ff *ff* *mf*

56 6 57 3

ff *f* *ff*

58 1 59 4 60 2 1 61 4

ff *p sub.* *cresc.* *f* *f*

Basstuba.

62 1 2 63 4

ff

64 *ff*

65 mit Dämpfer *ff*

66 5 67 6 68 8 69 6 70 Tenortuba mit Dämpf. mit Dämpfer? *ff* 71

mit Steigerung 72 73

74 *sfz* *fff*

75 Dämpfer weg. 9 76 6 77 7 *dim.* *f*

78 *f* *sfz* *ff*

79 5 80 7 81 8 82 8 83 4 4. Hörner. 1. Clar. in B. *ff*

84 rit. 2 Mässig langsam. *dim.* *pp* lange Pause. *p*

85 5 6 86 6 87 6 88 8 89 allmählich im Zeitmass etwas steigern. 90 6

8

Salome

Richard Strauss
op. 54

2. Szene

Langsam [♩=60]

Tb. solo *f espr.* *dim.* *p* *pp*

(46)

f espr. *dim.* *p*

(61) Wieder schnell [♩=84]

f sfz

wieder etwas mäßiger

p

wieder schnell

f sfz *cresc.*

(63)

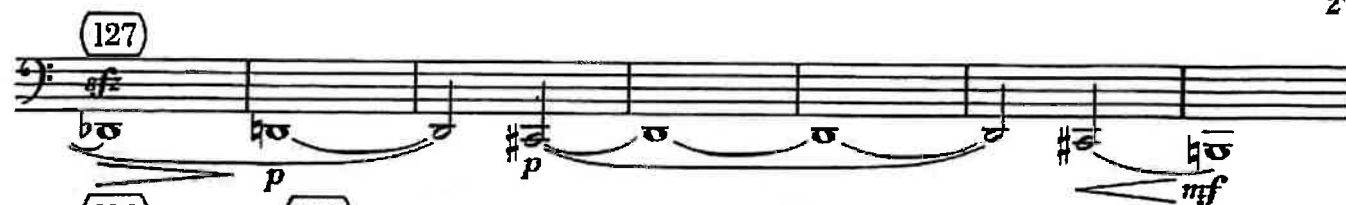
ffp

3. Szene

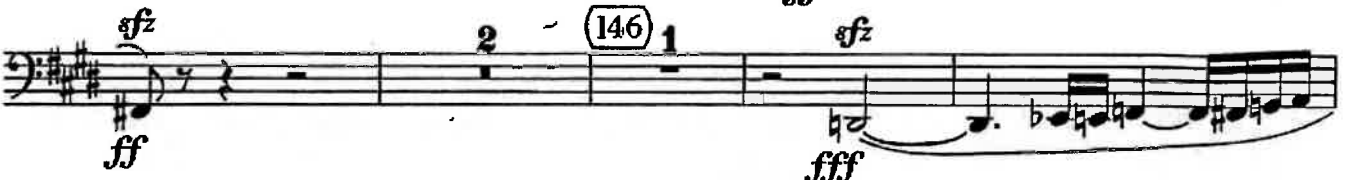
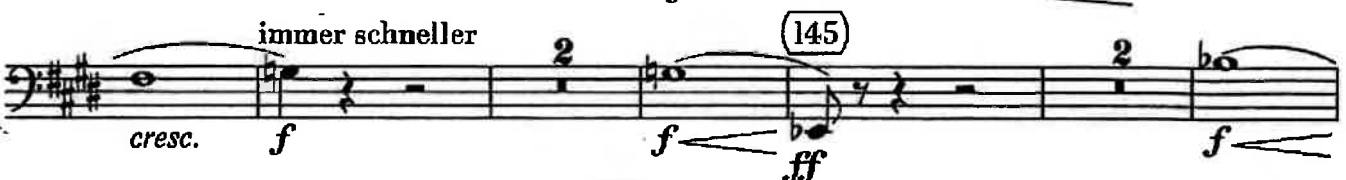
(126) Sehr lebhaft [♩=92]

p molto cresc. ff sfz ff

ff *ff* *ff* *ff*



Bedeutend langsamer ($\frac{4}{4}$) [$\text{♩} = 90$], aber immer noch sehr bewegt



4. Szene

Schnell $\text{♩} = 66$ (228) Etwas ruhiger [$\text{♩} = 76$] accel.

(155) 8 *mf* *p* *früheres Zeitmaß accel.* *cresc.* *mf* 5 *pp*

(230) *mf* *pp* *mf* 4 3

Sehr bewegt $\text{♩} = 76$ (232) (233) 3 *pp* *cresc.*

(234) 2 *pp* *cresc.* *mf* *pp*

(235) Viertel stets gleich (236) *p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *fp*

(237) 1 1 *mf* *mf*

Viertel stets gleich (238) 1 (239) *f* *p* *cresc.*

(Nach dem Tanz:)

Schnell [$\text{♩} = 80$]

f *mf* *3p*

(255) f^3

doppelt so langsam (271) Langsam [$\text{♩} = 84$] accel. tempo I

mit Dpf. p ff f^3

(272) f ff doppelt so schnell [$\text{♩} = 100$] (273) (Dämpfer weg)

(298) Sehr schnell [$\text{♩} = 114$] f p mf

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Petruschka

(Ballett) (1911)

Igor Strawinsky

Bär und ein Mann, die Schalmey blasend

(100) Sostenuto [♩ = 72]

2 Tb. Solo

ff (*quasi a piena voce*)

dim. *pp*

Die Masken

(121) Più mosso

f risoluto

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Tchaikovsky — Symphony No. 6 in B Minor, Op. 74 (Pathétique)

TUBA

IV
Finale

Adagio lamentoso
affrettando 5 5 A 1 *rall.* 4 Andante 4 Adagio poco meno che prima 10 B(Fag) 7

37 Andante (Hr.) 2 C 4 *poco animando riten.* 3 1 Tempo I Pos. I D *poco ani.*

52 *mando* Pos. II *riten.* Pos. I Tempo I 3 *poco animando* 3 *riten.* E Tempo I Pos. III

66 *animando* F *mf cresc.* *f ff* 3 3 3

73 Più mosso Stringendo *sempre ff*

78 Vivace 1 Andante 2 1 3 *fff*

90 Andante non tanto G 13 H 5 Ob. *stringendo molto* Trp. I *f cresc.* *ff*

116 I Moderato assai *incalzando* *riten.* K Andante *mf*

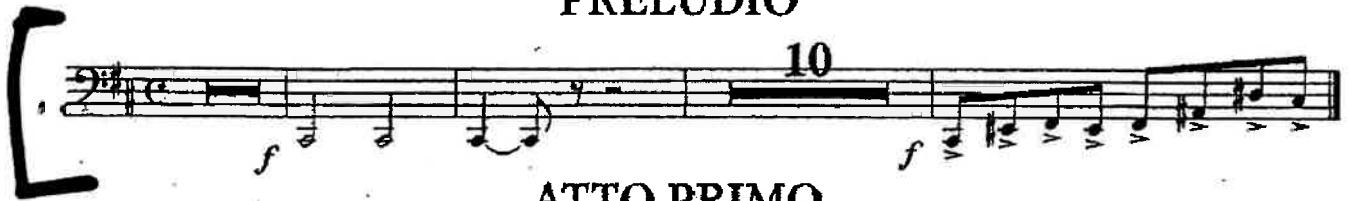
129 6 [L *poco rallentando* *p mf p p mp p pp*

142 *quasi adagio* M 8 N 13 3 *Andante giusto riten.* *p pp ppp pppp ppppp*

AIDA

CIMBASSO

PRELUDIO



ATTO PRIMO

N. 1 Introduzione

Allegro



Più mosso (in 2)



N. 2 Scena Aida

Mosso (in 2)



N. 3 Gran Scena Finale Primo

Andante



Più mosso





ATTO SECONDO

N. 4 Introduzione e Coro

All.^o mosso (in 2)



N. 5 Finale Secondo

All.^o mosso



Andante



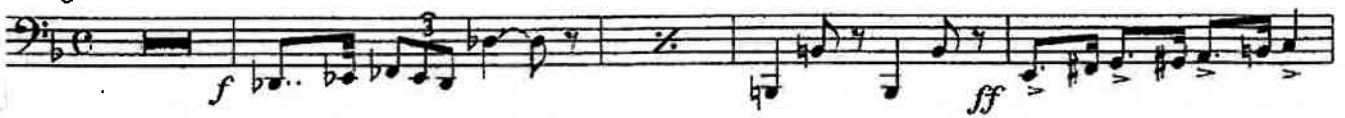
Allegro vivo



tu prigio-



Allegro



All.^o maestoso



ATTO TERZO

N. 6

Allegro

The first system of the musical score consists of four staves. The first staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a 6/8 time signature. It contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking at the beginning and a fortissimo (*ff*) marking later. The subsequent staves continue the melodic and harmonic development with similar rhythmic patterns and dynamic markings.

Allegro

The second system of the musical score consists of two staves. It continues the piece with triplets indicated by a '3' over the notes. The dynamics include fortissimo (*ff*) and the tempo remains 'Allegro'.

Prestissimo

The third system of the musical score consists of three staves. It begins with a forte (*ff*) dynamic marking and a 'Prestissimo' tempo marking. The music features a series of eighth notes and rests, with a large bracket on the right side of the final staff. The key signature remains two flats.

PAGINA VUOTA

RIGOLETTO

CIMBASSO

ATTO PRIMO

N. 2 Introduzione

Più vivo $\text{♩} = 144$





N. 7 Finale Primo



ATTO SECONDO

N. 8 Scena ed Aria



N. 10 Scena e Duetto



ATTO TERZO

N. 13 Scena, Terzetto e Tempesta

Allegro

ff

This musical score consists of eight staves of music in bass clef, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The first staff begins with a forte (ff) dynamic marking. The music features a variety of note values, including eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, as well as rests and accidentals. The score concludes with a double bar line.

N. 14 Finale

Allegro

ff

This musical score consists of two staves of music in bass clef, with a key signature of two flats (Bb, Eb) and a common time signature (C). The first staff begins with a forte (ff) dynamic marking. The music features a variety of note values, including eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, as well as rests and accidentals. The score concludes with a double bar line.

I VESPRI SICILIANI

CIMBASSO

SINFONIA

All.^o agitato

f $\leq$ *ff*

ff

ff

ff

Prestissimo

ff

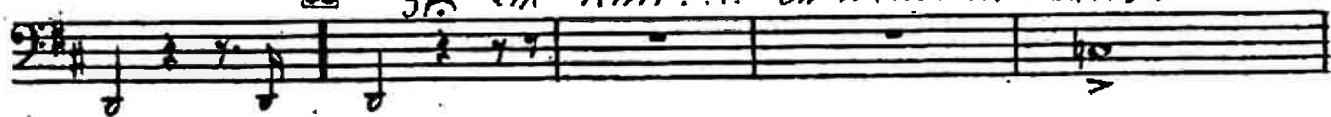
mf

f

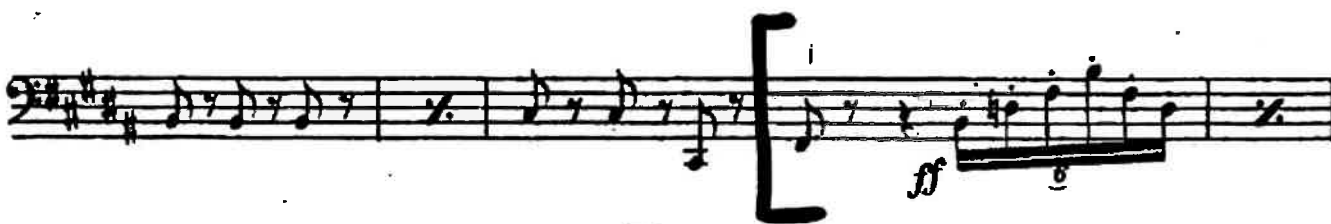
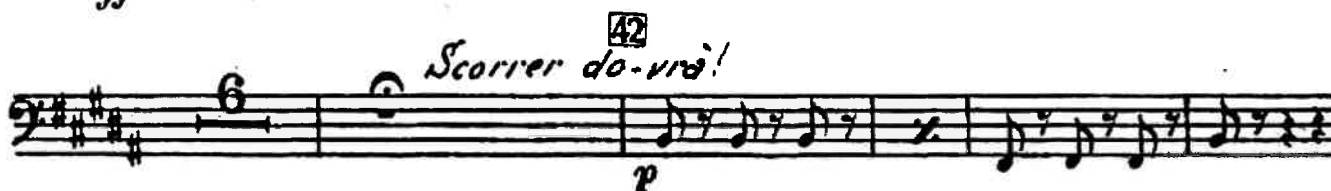
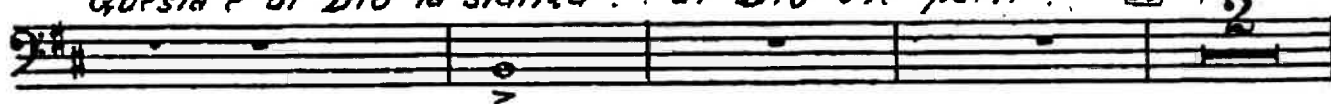
PAGINA VUOTA



38 *Allegro* *col canto* *che lenti? ... oh trema in-sano!*



Questa è di Dio la stanza! di Dio che parli? 39 *a tempo*





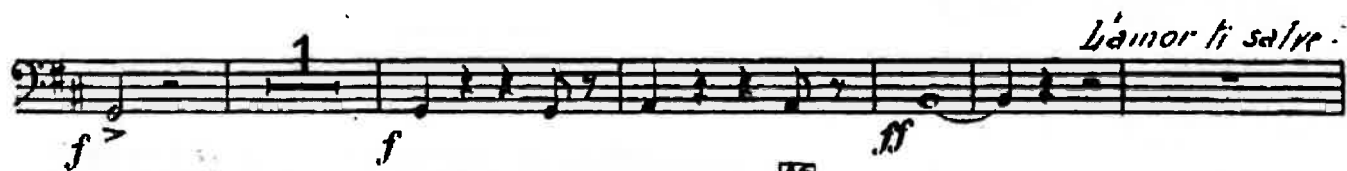
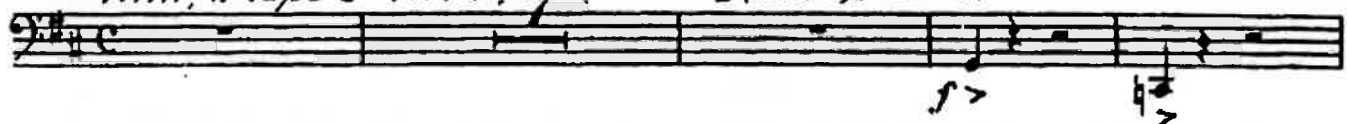
44



45

Allegro

vinli, il capo a terra! my Tina ha di me:

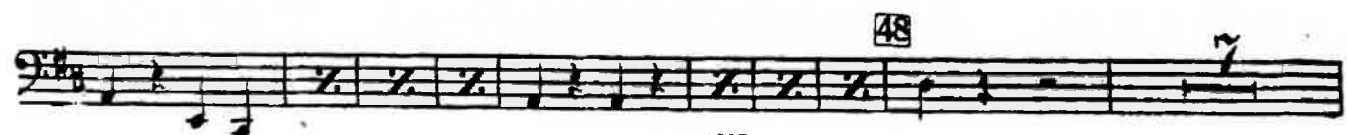


L'amor li salve:



46

Presto



Die Meistersinger von Nurnberg

VON

Vorspiel.

Richard Wagner.

BASS TUBA.

Sehr mässig bewegt.
sehr gehalten

5

8 Ein wenig rall. Tempo

1 4 *f* sehr gehalten

immer *f*

immer *ff*

sehr gehalten

1 4 poco rall Mässig im Hauptzeitmass. 9 noch bewegter

1 12 4

Im mässigen Hauptzeitmass.

29 5 aber sehr markirt

mf

allmählich immer stärker

sehr gebunden

immer *f*

pin f *e pin f* *ff*

3

immer *f* *pin f*

1

ff

Fine.

DER RITT DER WALKÜREN

aus dem Musik - Drama

DIE WALKÜRE

VON

RICHARD WAGNER.

CONTRABASS TUBA.

Lebhaft.

Lennart. 3h Alte Pos. 21 15
 f f f
 1 2 3 4
 3 22 3
 ff ff
 ff
 f p f
 4 5
 p f ff ff

Fine.

Lento e sostenuto.
Solo.

p *p* *p* *molto cresc.*

Un poco più animato.
più f *ff*

Vivace. **Più lento.**
Corai.

38 6

Un poco più animato. Vivace.
10 *Bassi.* 29 *Tromboni.* *a tempo* *p*

cresc. *dim.* *f* *dim.* *p* *p* *3*

Moderato. Più animato. **Moderato.** **Più animato.**
4 *p* *cresc.* *dim.* *f* *p* *p* *cresc.* *dim.* *f*

Moderato e poi animando. **Animando.** *Fl. I.*

7 4 4

6 1 2 3 4 5 6 3 8

Moderato. 30 18

IV. Scene. 10 *Fl. picc.* *Fl.*

Un poco sostenuto.
Timpani. Cor ingl. Trb.

11

p *p* *p* *pp*

SIEGFRIED.

C.B. Tuba.

II. Aufzug.

VORSPIEL und I. SCENE.

Commodo e sostenuto.
Cello trem. 3 6 1

pp p p p p p p dolce
molto tenuto
sempre p
sf dim. più p p sf
dim. più p p p
f dim. più p
p

R. Wagner-Lohengrim

3. Aufzug

Einleitung

Sehr lebhaft (♩ = 92)

Sehr lebhaft (♩ = 92)

[2] Tb.

ff ³ *ff* ³

ff

The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody begins with a half note G2, followed by a quarter note F#2, and then a half note E2. A slur covers the next three notes: a half note D#2, a quarter note C#2, and a half note B1. Above the D#2 note is a circled number '3'. The system concludes with a double bar line, followed by a repeat sign and then a half note G1. The dynamic marking *ff* is placed below the G1 note.

[illegible]

6

ff *dim.* *p*

PAGINA VUOTA

Tannhäuser und der Sängerkrieg auf Wartburg.

OÜVERTURE.

Bass-Tuba (Tuba).

Richard Wagner.

Andante maestoso. (♩ = 50.)

Clar. 32 **Hobor.** **A** **ff**

ff 27

Allegro (♩ = 80.) **Un poco ritenuto.** **poco accel.**

Bratsche 42 **B** 8 **Viol.** **mf cresc.** **fp**

2 Tempo I. 27 **Hobor.** **C** **f** **f** **ff**

13 **Un poco riten.** **Un poco accel.**

dim. 3 **D** 33 **Viol.** **p sempre cresc.**

E Tempo I. **f**

fp

Bass-Tuba (Tuba).

Molto vivace.

più f *f*

f *f* *f*

ff *f* *più f*

ff *dimin.* *52* *Hoboe* *Un poco accel.*

p cresc. *f* *ff*

Assai stretto.

Più stretto.

ff *ff*

The musical score is written in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It consists of nine staves of music. The first staff begins with a dynamic of *più f* and a *Molto vivace* tempo marking. The second staff features a first ending bracket labeled '1' and a second ending bracket labeled '12' with a '5' below it. The third staff has a first ending bracket labeled '1' and a second ending bracket labeled '8' with a 'G' above it. The fourth staff includes a first ending bracket labeled '52' and a *Hoboe* part that begins with *Un poco accel.*. The fifth staff starts with *p cresc.* and includes a first ending bracket labeled '3'. The sixth, seventh, and eighth staves continue the melodic line. The ninth staff concludes with a first ending bracket labeled '3' and a final *ff* dynamic. A large right-facing square bracket is positioned at the end of the ninth staff.